The European Commission's science and knowledge service

32

3

Joint Research Centre

OUTLOOK ON AGRICULTURAL LAND IN EUROPE

European Commission, Joint Research Center, Luca Montanarella, Senior Expert

13th October 2020



Land Resources Unit



The urgency to act

Soils are threatened: **60-70% of all soils in Europe are unhealthy** due to current management practices; Indirect effects of air pollution and climate change add to that pressure.

EU Examples:

- 2.8 million potential contaminated sites, but only 24% inventoried;
- 65-75% of agricultural soils with nutrient inputs at levels risking eutrophication of soils and water affecting biodiversity;
- Cropland soils losing carbon at a rate of 0.5% per year and 50% of peatlands drained and losing carbon
- 24% of land with unsustainable water erosion rates;
- 25% of land at High or Very High risk to **desertification** in Southern, Central and Eastern Europe in 2017
- The costs associated with soil degradation in the EU exceed 50 billion € per year.





Soil Loss by water erosion (2016)



Average EU-28: **2.45 t ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹** (in the erosive prone areas: 90% of EU) Data produced for years: **2000 – 2010 – 2016** Mean erosion rate in agricultural areas: 3.2 t ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹

Soil formation rate: 1.0-2.0 t ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹

24% of EU lands have rates >2 t $ha^{-1} yr^{-1}$

11% of total area contributes to almost 70% of total Soil Loss (hotspots)

2000-2010: decrease by 9% in erosion rates

- 1/3 due to increase of forestlands (decrease of croplands)
- 2/3 due to change of management practices (proposed by GAEC/CAP, Soil Thematic Strategy)

2010-2016: decrease by 0.4% in erosion rates

Outlook: A more incisive set of soil conservation measures is needed to mitigate soil erosion across the EU.



Management practices for soil conservation

Low erosive	Medium erosive					н	igh erosive
0.05	0.15	0.20	0.22-0.25	0.30 -0.32	0.35	0.38	0.50
Permanent Grasslands	Other fodder areas (Alfa,etc)	Wheat, Barley	Olives, other Fruits	Energy crop, sunflower	Sugar Pota	beets, toes	Maize, Tobacco
			A ANT				

Modelled Management practices against erosion

-65%	-12%	-20%	-25%	-10-15%(density)	-40% - 5%(slope)
Reduced	Plant	Cover	Stone	Grass	Contour
Tillage	Residues	Crops	walls	margins	farming
			3-14/5-W 20(1 5 3		

The global carbon balance



Soils contain:

- 2-3 time more
 carbon than the
 atmosphere
- and more than 3 time of carbon than vegetation



C. Le Quéré et al.: Global Carbon Budget 2018

JRC (D.3) is modelling the current soil organic carbon stock and changes



SOC changes 2015-1990



Land use change



European Commission

Smooth changes

Scenario analysis of mitigation potential under agricultural management

(carbon sequestration by 2050)

 Conversion from arable to grassland (LUC_AR_GR);

- 2) Crop residue management (AR_RES);
- 3) Reduced tillage scenario (AR_RT)
- 4) Combined residue incorporation +

reduced tillage (AR_RET);

5) Ley in rotation (AR_LEY);

6) Cover crop (AR_CC);





European

Commission

Soil management within the EU Green Deal



European Commission

EU SOIL OBSERVATORY (EUSO)

Biodiversity Strategy 2030

Zero Pollution Strategy



Protecting our European Way of Life

Cooperation towards Sustainable Growth



Stronger Europe in the World

Comprehensive Strategy on Africa

1	
\odot	European Commission

EU SOIL OBSERVATORY: KEY COMPONENTS



Measure success with appropriate indicators

Goal: By 2030, at least 75% of all soils in each EU Member State are healthy, i.e. are able to provide essential ecosystem services (100% increase in healthy soils).

Specific objectives include:

- Restore 50% of degraded land
- High soil organic carbon stocks are conserved and current carbon concentration increased by 0.1-0.4% per year
- No net soil sealing and an increased re-use of urban soils for urban development from the current rate of 13% to 50%
- Reduced soil pollution and a doubling of the rate of restoration of polluted sites
- Prevention of erosion on 30 to 50% of land with unsustainable erosion rates
- Improve habitat quality for soil biota and crops including a 30 to 50% reduction in soils with high-density subsoils
- 20-40% reduced global footprint of EU's food and timber imports on land degradation





Questions?



luca.montanarella@ec.europa.eu



http://esdac.jrc.ec.europa.eu